

# Mapping Partnerships to Engage Families

A modified partnership mapping exercise can help organizations identify existing engagement groups, assess their level of activity, bolster collaboration, and address gaps in maximizing engagement from a variety of youth and families.



## Find new opportunities

• Reveals opportunities for new partnerships, familyled initiatives, or service delivery improvements.

## Allocate resources

 Guides where to invest time, funding, or personnel to support meaningful family engagement.

# Develop communication strategies

 Ensures messages are clear, community relevant, and accessible to families.



## Identify key partnerships

Ensures a variety of voices are represented.

#### **Understand influence**

 Recognizes which individuals or groups can affect decisions or implementation.

## **Plan engagement**

 Helps determine how and when to involve families in a way that respects their time and insights.

## Anticipate challenges

 Prepares agencies for resistance or barriers from systems or communities



# **Types of influence**



# What is a lever for engagement?

A lever for engagement is a tool or mechanism that can influence or improve engagement efforts.

# LEGISLATIVE



These platforms allow families to impact lawmaking and policy direction at the state or local level:

- Testimony opportunities
- Legislative policy cabinets

# **ADMINISTRATIVE**

These mechanisms integrate family voices into the daily operations of public agencies:

- Public comment
- Advisory/oversight councils



• Administrative committees (e.g.,Children's Cabinets)

• Family Liaison employees

# COMMUNITY



- Grassroots and local efforts help families build power collectively:
  - Family to family (F2F) and family-led organizations
  - Providers and community-based organizations
- Coalitions

# Continuum of engagement

# INFORM

Families provide information that professionals and public health officials can act on and implement.

# CONSULT

Families provide feedback and input on processes and ideas through feedback modalities such as focus groups and surveys.

# INVOLVE

Families partner with professionals and public health officials at events such as public forums, listening sessions, or panel discussions to define problems and identify solutions.

## COLLABORATE

Families and providers work together to define problems, develop solutions, and implement solutions.

# **CO-CREATE**

Families have a leading role in identifying and implementing solutions, with equal representation and decision-making power.



## Identify Existing Groups

Start by listing any existing groups where families are already actively engaged. Try and look beyond formal structures as some of the most involved families may participate through non-traditional channels. Examples of existing groups may include parent advocacy networks, youth development programs, faith-based organizations, school-based organizations, and literacy coalitions.

Recognize that not every group will have the same level of engagement or partnership. Focus on each group's relevance to your organization's goals and their readiness to collaborate. It's neither realistic nor strategic to always maintain equal involvement with all groups so treat your list of partners as a dynamic, evolving resource that reflects changes in community needs, interests, and relationships over time.

# Analyze Organizations

Once existing groups are identified, take the time to understand each organization's mission, vision, and desired outcomes. Determine how closely their goals align with your agency's objectives and assess their capacity to collaborate, considering factors like leadership structure, available time, and willingness to engage. If possible, connect directly with family members or representatives within these organizations to explore their interest in partnership and what roles they might be willing to play.

# **Map Relationships**

Now it's time to start mapping relationships by visually or conceptually connecting the goals of your agency with the strengths and potential contributions of each partner. This process helps clarify how each organization may fill existing gaps in policy, programs, or outreach efforts. Consider the unique assets of each partner, such as cultural insight, community trust, or communication networks, and how those assets can strengthen family engagement. Relationship mapping can also identify overlapping interests and opportunities for shared leadership.

# **Prioritize Level of Engagement**

Finally, prioritize the level of engagement appropriate for each partner using your earlier analysis as a guide. While all partners play a role in supporting family engagement efforts, those with greater influence or reach may be prioritized earlier in the process allowing for a more effective use of resources and impact.



Name of Organization	<b>Point of Contact</b> (Name, Title, Email)	Type of Influence	Continuum of Engagement	Role/Type of Engagement